

condition of education 2007



INDICATOR 37

Changes in Sources of Public School Revenue

The indicator and corresponding tables are taken directly from *The Condition of Education 2007*. Therefore, the page numbers may not be sequential.

Additional information about the survey data and supplementary notes can be found in the full report. For a copy of *The Condition of Education 2007*, visit the NCES website (http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/pubsinfo.asp?pubid=2007064) or contact ED PUBs at 1-877-4ED-PUBS.

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Finance

Changes in Sources of Public School Revenue

Federal and state revenues increased at a faster rate than local revenues from 1989–90 to 2003–04.

From 1989-90 to 2003-04, total elementary and secondary public school revenues increased 51 percent in constant dollars. During this period, the total amount from each revenue source (federal, state, and local) increased, though not at the same rate (see supplemental table 37-1). Federal and state revenues increased at a faster rate than all local revenues (both property tax revenue and other local revenue). The proportion of total revenue for public elementary and secondary education from local sources declined, from 47 percent in 1989–90 to 44 percent in 2003-04, while the proportion of total revenue flowing to public schools from federal sources increased from 6 percent in 1989-90 to 9 percent in 2003-04 (see supplemental table 37-2). The proportion from state sources was the same in 1989-90 as in 2003-04 (47 percent).

Although total revenues for elementary and secondary public schools increased in each region, different regional patterns of change in the distribution of public school revenues are evident. The Midwest experienced the largest decreases in the proportion of total revenue from local sources: local funding there dropped from 55 percent of all revenue for public elementary and secondary

education in 1989–90 to 44 percent in 2003–04. Declines in the proportion of property tax revenue accounted for most of this decrease. The Northeast also experienced declines in the proportion of revenue from local sources. In both regions, there were increases in the proportion of total revenue from federal and state sources.

The proportion of total revenue from local sources increased in the West from 33 to 35 percent during this period. While that proportion experienced little change in the South (less than 1 percentage point), the proportion of total revenue from property taxes increased 4 percent. In both the South and the West, the proportion of revenue from state sources decreased, and the proportion from federal sources increased.

In 2003–04, as in earlier years, the Northeast relied to a greater degree on property tax revenues than the other regions. The difference in the reliance on property tax revenues between the Northeast and the Midwest was greater in 2003–04 than in 1989–90. Conversely, the differences between the Northeast and the other two regions were less in 2003–04 than in 1989–90.

¹ There was a decline in the property tax in Michigan from 1993–94 to 1994–95. During that period, the proportion of total revenue from property taxes fell from 59 to 21 percent in Michigan and from 46 to 39 percent for all the Michwest

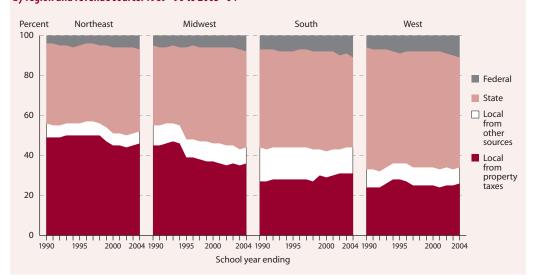
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Revenues have been adjusted for the effects of inflation using the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and are in constant 2003—04 dollars. Other local government revenue includes revenue from such sources as local nonproperty taxes, investments, and revenue from student activities, textbook sales, transportation and tuition fees, and food services. Property tax revenue and other local government revenues were imputed for Texas for 1992—93. See *supplemental note 11* for information about revenue for public elementary and secondary schools. Estimates are revised from previous publications.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data (CCD), "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1989–90 to 2003–04.

FOR MORE INFORMATION: Supplemental Notes 1, 3, 11 Supplemental Tables 37-1, 37-2



CHANGES IN REVENUE SOURCES: Percentage distribution of total revenue for public elementary and secondary schools, by region and revenue source: 1989–90 to 2003–04



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Changes in Sources of Public School Revenue

Table 37-1. Total revenue for public elementary and secondary schools, by region and revenue source: Selected years, 1989-90 to 2003-04

[Billions of constant 2003–04 dollars]									
Region and revenue									
source	1989-90	1991–92	1993-94	1995–96	1997-98	1999–2000	2001-02	2003-04	
United States									
Total	\$305.8	\$315.7	\$331.0	\$346.6	\$375.1	\$409.8	\$437.9	\$462.0	
Federal	18.6	20.9	23.3	23.0	25.5	29.8	34.6	41.9	
State	144.0	146.4	149.5	164.7	181.4	202.9	215.6	217.4	
Local	143.1	148.5	158.2	158.9	168.1	177.2	187.7	202.7	
From property taxes	109.8	115.6	124.4	122.6	127.9	137.1	147.3	160.6	
From other sources	33.3	32.9	33.8	36.3	40.2	40.1	40.4	42.1	
Northeast									
Total	75.2	76.7	79.1	81.8	85.1	93.0	99.4	107.5	
Federal	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.3	5.1	5.8	7.4	
State	30.2	30.3	30.4	31.7	33.1	39.8	44.1	44.5	
Local	41.4	42.5	44.5	46.0	47.7	48.1	49.4	55.7	
From property taxes	36.6	37.7	39.8	40.7	42.3	42.2	43.6	49.3	
From other sources	4.9	4.7	4.7	5.3	5.4	5.9	5.8	6.4	
Midwest									
Total	71.8	74.5	79.6	83.9	90.9	97.0	103.3	106.7	
Federal	3.9	4.4	4.8	4.8	5.4	6.2	7.1	8.4	
State	28.4	28.3	31.0	39.2	42.8	46.6	50.3	51.0	
Local	39.5	41.9	43.8	40.0	42.6	44.2	45.9	47.4	
From property taxes	32.3	34.3	36.7	32.4	33.9	34.9	36.6	38.9	
From other sources	7.2	7.5	7.2	7.6	8.6	9.3	9.3	8.5	
South									
Total	94.6	97.8	103.3	109.7	118.9	131.1	138.1	145.3	
Federal	6.9	7.6	8.7	8.4	9.5	10.9	12.8	15.2	
State	46.5	47.4	49.6	53.7	58.7	65.3	65.4	65.9	
Local	41.2	42.8	45.0	47.6	50.8	54.8	60.0	64.2	
From property taxes	25.6	27.7	28.6	30.4	31.8	38.2	43.0	45.5	
From other sources	15.6	15.1	16.4	17.2	18.9	16.6	17.0	18.7	
West									
Total	64.2	66.7	69.0	71.2	80.2	88.8	97.1	102.5	
Federal	4.4	4.9	5.7	5.7	6.4	7.6	8.9	11.0	
State	38.9	40.5	38.4	40.1	46.8	51.2	55.8	56.1	
Local	20.9	21.3	24.9	25.4	27.1	30.0	32.4	35.5	
From property taxes	15.3	15.9	19.4	19.1	19.8	21.7	24.1	26.9	
From other sources	5.6	5.5	5.5	6.3	7.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates are revised from previous publications. Revenues are in constant 2003—04 dollars, adjusted using the Consumer Price Index (CPI). See supplemental note 11 for information about the CPI and also information about revenue types. Supplemental note 1 identifies the states in each region. See supplemental note 3 for more information about the Common Core of Data (CCD). SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data (CCD), "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1989—90 to 2003—04.

Changes in Sources of Public School Revenue

Table 37-2. Percentage distribution of total revenue for public elementary and secondary schools, by region and revenue source: Selected years, 1989–90 to 2003–04

Region and revenue								
source	1989–90	1991–92	1993–94	1995–96	1997–98	1999–2000	2001–02	2003-04
United States								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Federal	6.1	6.6	7.1	6.6	6.8	7.3	7.9	9.1
State	47.1	46.4	45.2	47.5	48.4	49.5	49.2	47.1
Local	46.8	47.0	47.8	45.9	44.8	43.2	42.9	43.9
From property taxes	35.9	36.6	37.6	35.4	34.1	33.4	33.6	34.8
From other sources	10.9	10.4	10.2	10.5	10.7	9.8	9.2	9.1
Northeast								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Federal	4.6	5.1	5.3	5.0	5.0	5.4	5.9	6.9
State	40.2	39.5	38.4	38.7	38.9	42.8	44.4	41.4
Local	55.1	55.4	56.3	56.3	56.0	51.7	49.7	51.8
From property taxes	48.7	49.2	50.3	49.8	49.8	45.4	43.9	45.8
From other sources	6.5	6.2	6.0	6.5	6.3	6.3	5.8	5.9
Midwest								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Federal	5.4	5.9	6.0	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.8
State	39.6	37.9	39.0	46.7	47.2	48.0	48.7	47.8
Local	55.0	56.2	55.0	47.6	46.9	45.6	44.4	44.4
From property taxes	45.0	46.1	46.0	38.6	37.4	36.0	35.5	36.4
From other sources	10.1	10.1	9.0	9.0	9.5	9.6	9.0	8.0
South								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Federal	7.3	7.8	8.4	7.6	8.0	8.3	9.2	10.5
State	49.1	48.5	48.0	49.0	49.3	49.8	47.3	45.4
Local	43.6	43.8	43.5	43.4	42.7	41.8	43.4	44.2
From property taxes	27.1	28.3	27.6	27.7	26.8	29.1	31.1	31.3
From other sources	16.5	15.5	15.9	15.7	15.9	12.7	12.3	12.9
West								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Federal	6.8	7.3	8.2	8.1	7.9	8.6	9.2	10.7
State	60.6	60.7	55.7	56.3	58.3	57.6	57.4	54.7
Local	32.6	32.0	36.1	35.6	33.7	33.8	33.4	34.6
From property taxes	23.8	23.8	28.1	26.8	24.7	24.5	24.8	26.3
From other sources	8.8	8.2	8.0	8.8	9.0	9.3	8.6	8.3

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates are revised from previous publications. Supplemental note 1 identifies the states in each region. See supplemental note 11 for further information about revenue types. See supplemental note 3 for more information about the Common Core of Data (CCD).

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data (CCD), "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1989–90 to 2003–04.